LINGUISTICS

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Gilphanov R.T. Lexico-grammatical means of expression of hypothetical modality in Tatar and German languages (comparative analysis)

In the process of conducting a contrast analysis of functional semantic field structures of sentences in Tatar and German, as well as a comparative analysis of sentence constituents functions, some similarities and differences were revealed. The usage and functions of lexical and grammatical devices with a sentence meaning correspond in both languages. It is important to note that in both languages the meaning of assumption is usually expressed by statements and questions. As far as questions are concerned, the meaning of assumption is expressed by the questions that explicitly contain a prepositional part. These are mostly general questions. A lot of differences were found out while studying modal verbs with the meaning of assumption. The article is devoted to a comparative and contrastive analysis of lexical and grammatical ways to express the meaning of supposition, which is one of the main modality meanings in fiction and sociopolitical journalism. The analysis is conducted on structurally different languages like Tatar and German; it reveals similarities and differences of the languages. In the process of conducting a contrast analysis of functional semantic field structures of sentences in Tatar and German, as well as a comparative analysis of sentence constituents functions, some similarities and differences were revealed.

<u>Key words:</u> lexical and grammatical ways, contrastive analysis, different languages, Tatar and German, modality.

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