

LINGUISTICS

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Gilphanova F.Kh. System of formation of German anthonyms and regional anthroponymical system

The article is devoted to the formation of anthroponimic systems of Germans and Turki. The aim is to reveal the similarities differences in ancient names formation. The analysis is based on the linguistic reseach of ancient Germans and Turki performed by modern scientists. The data given by E. Banner about people living in Elek settlements, show that there might had been a contact between the Siberian Tatars and Hungarian tribes when they lived on the same territory as the Germanic ones. E. Banner writes about the middle age community of Eleks that was destroyed after Julians's conquest (in 1556). According to F.T. Valeev, the Hungarian monk, Julian (1236), named everybody he conquered Tatars. Z.J. Bajarshinowa notes that Chulym Turks are actually Finns. The Finno-ugorian component was noted by many researchers. The given article is an attempt to start a study of the antroponomical systems based on the abovementioned historical data stored in the archives for the purpose of identifying the ethnocultural and linguistic connections.

Keywords: anthroponimic systems, Germans and Turki, the Finno-ugorian component, differences in ancient names formation, analysis, the ethnocultural and linguistic connections, the linguistic research.

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