

LINGUISTICS
(specialty 10.02.19)

***Roubanova O.A.* Types of perlocutionary utterances effects with the semantics of inducement in situations of common communication**

Any speech act, including an imperative one, is intended to achieve some effect in an addressee (perlocutionary effect) – to influence his actions, thoughts, feelings or to get him to do or realize something. This article deals with the study of the perlocutionary effects produced by imperative speech acts. Due to the course of analysis there have been distinguished four types of perlocutionary effects produced by imperatives: 1) the speaker is willing to perform an action; 2) the speaker is reluctant to perform an action; 3) the speaker refuses politely to perform an action; 4) the speaker expresses a categoric refusal to perform an action. The focus of the article is on the interdependence of the perlocutionary effect and the choice of language means used to gain it.

Key words: a speech act, locution, illocution, perlocutionary effect, an imperative utterance, semantics.

Southern

federal university

April, 17, 2013
